Teacher Notes

This six week unit was designed to meet all of the Common Core narrative writing standards. By the end of this unit, all students should take at least one piece of writing through the entire writing process and formally publish that piece of writing. Students will also write to three different writing prompts within this unit. I've added a variety of writing craft and organization lessons within this unit. There are many other important writing craft lessons that will be introduced in my fictional narrative writing unit. You certainly do not have to follow these lessons in the exact order that they are written. You may want to spend multiple days on one lesson or rearrange some of the mini lessons. No one knows your students' instructional needs better than you! However, the early lessons and shorter independent writing time.

The mini lessons were designed to be an approximately 10–15 minute lesson that intentionally teachers a particular writing craft or skill. I've included a script of what I might say to my students when I was teaching the mini lesson, as well as additional teaching notes. I often use a picture book as a mentor text within the mini lesson.

You can follow each mini lesson with additional guided practice, but that is completely optional. I personally like to give my students that additional assistance before having them try those strategies independently. The guided practice can also be complete in guided writing groups for students who need the extra practice. In a few of the lessons, I have included multiple forms of the guided practice, so you can choose the form that best fits the needs of your students.

Independent writing time should take up the majority of time in the writing workshop. I allow my students to move around in the writing process as needed, rather than trying to require them to follow the writing process in a linear manner. After students have three completed first drafts, I have students select one of the narratives to take through the entire wiring process to be published and shared at an author's tea. Almost all research on writing workshop strongly recommends that students should select their own topics and be allowed to work at their own pace. I completely agree with that philosophy, and the majority of the time I do have my students choose their own topics and work through the writing process at their own pace. However, most states do require students to take a formal writing assessment where students will have to complete a timed writing to a given prompt. I feel that in addition to my ongoing writing instruction, I also need to help prepare my students for our state writing assessment. This is why I occasionally have my students write to genre specific writing prompts.

These writing prompts are not only good practice for formal writing assessments, but they are also great tools for identifying areas that need improvement in students which can help you form writing groups. These formal assessments can also give you ideas for additional mini lessons that your students need.

There is also a grammar tie-in for each lesson. I like to focus on one grammar skill each week, and spend a few minutes each day focusing on that skill. I prefer to set aside a few minutes before and after our traditional writing workshop time to focus on these grammar skills. Beginning on week two, these grammar skills are partially taught through mentor sentences that can be displayed for students to identify what is right or wrong about the sentence. These are not "fix all" sentences with a variety of errors. Instead, each sentence will reflect the grammar concept of the week. A collection of mentor sentences are included on pages 67-91 and are labeled to correlate with each lesson. Have students analyze these sentences and discuss what is right or wrong with the sentences and why. Be sure to use the formal language of the standards and relay that you expect to see these rules applied in student writing.

At the end of the unit, I've included a rubric to formally assess student writing. I do not give a grade using the rubric until the end of the unit, because I want to be sure I have taught each element the student will be graded on before I formally assess. However, it is very important to informally assess student writing throughout the unit.

The last day of the unit is an author's celebration. This celebration will be a chance for students to showcase their work to others. Students will create invitations to send home to their parents or other family members, other teachers or administrators. This will be your students' opportunity to show off all of their hard work. I've included this celebration on the last day (day 30) of the unit, but he timing of this celebration will depend on your classroom needs.

Succested Mentor Texts Personal Narratives

- <u>Mama Had a Dancing Heart</u> by Libba Gray
- <u>Fireflies</u>! by Julie Brinkloe
- The Relatives Came by Cynthia Rylant
- Salt Hands by Jane Aragon
- <u>My Rotten Red-Headed Older Brother</u> by Patricia Polacco
- Grandpa's Face by Eloise Greenfield
- <u>Shortcut</u> by Donald Crews
- <u>In November</u> by Cynthia Rylant
- <u>Bee Tree</u> by Patricia Polacco
- <u>The Memory String</u> by Eve Bunting
- <u>Owl Moon</u> by Jane Yolen
- <u>Wilfred Gordon McDonald Partridge</u> by Mem Fox
- Strong to the Hoop by Leslie Jean-Bart
- Oma's Quilt by Paulette Bourgeois
- Saturdays and Teacakes by Lester Laminack
- Meanwhile by Jules Feiffer
- <u>Come on, Rain</u> by Karen Hesse
- When I was Young in the Mountains by Cynthia Rylant
- <u>Alexander and the Terrible, Horrible, No Good,</u>
 <u>Very Bad Day</u> by Judith Viorst
- <u>Punctuation Takes a Vacation</u> by Robin Pulver
- <u>A Chair for My Mother</u> by Vera B. Williams

_	Day I	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
))	What Can I Write About?	What is a Personal Narrative	Using a Graphic Organizer	Writing About a Small Moment in Time	Adding an Emotional Hook
	6	7	8	q	Ю
	Writing With a Strong Lead	Writing With a Strong Lead	Writing With a Strong Lead	Writing With a Strong Lead	Show Don't Tell
		12	13	14	15
	Paint a Word Picture	Adding a Satisfying Ending	Adding a Satisfying Ending	Adding a Satisfying Ending	Adding a Satisfying Ending
	16	17	18	ρ	20
	Adding Transition Words	Avoid the "It Monster"	Strong Verbs	Specific Nouns	How to Include Dialogue
	21	22	23	24	25
	Stretch Your Sentences	Performing Surgery	Revision Checklist	Revision Checklist Part 2	Editing Checklists
	26	27	28	29	30
)	Rewriting Your Narrative	Illustrating Your Narrative	Choosing Your Title	Parts of a Published Book	Author's Celebration

Day I: What Can I Write About	Materials: • Your Own Heart Map
Standard:	 Heart Map Template <u>Mama Had a Dancing Heart by</u>
Text Types and Purposes 3	Libba Gray

Mini Lesson: In this writing unit we will be learning how to write personal narratives. When we write a personal narrative, we write about our own lives, memories, and feelings. A personal narrative tells a true story about you!

Many times young authors have trouble deciding what to write about, so today we're going to create a heart map to show all of the things

example of a personal narrative. Independent Writing: Have students create their own heart map.

Read Mama Had a Dancing Heart as a mentor text to show students an

Independent Writing: Have students create their own heart map. They can either use the blank template or the template with the sections already added to it.

After students complete their heart map they should begin independently writing in their writing notebook. They can select any topic, but their writing should be about themselves. Remind students that they will be able to write made up stories later in the year.

Sharing: Since students have not had the opportunity to spend much time writing, allow two or three students to share their heart map. Give students time to ask questions to the presenter.

Optional Handout/Printable:	Grammar Tie-in: Spelling
	This week, focus a small amount of time each day on what students should do if they can't spell a word. Remind students that they should not let a word interrupt their thinking and flow of writing.



Day 3: Using a Graphic Organizer	Materials: • The Relatives Came by Cynthia
Standard:	Rylant
Text Types and Purposes 3	• Several copies of the graphic
Production and Distribution of Writing 4	organizers

Mini Lesson: Sometimes when we write, we need a road map to help guide our writing. A graphic organizer helps us make a plan for our writing and keeps us organized as we write. There are many different types of graphic organizers, and today we'll be learning how to use one that I think you'll find very useful.



Sharing: Select one or two students who completed the graphic organizer and allow them to share using the document camera.

Optional Handout/Printables:



Grammar Tie-in: Spelling

Show students that when they write, they can circle words they don't know how to spell, so that they can come back to those words at a later time.



	Name Date Personal Narrative Graphic Organizer
)	This is a story about
	VARIETY OF GRAPHIC First, ORGANIZERS
	Next,
	Then,
	Finally,





